Amendments to the Claims:

These claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1.(Currently Amended) A method of operating a receiver,
 comprising:
 - (a) energizing the receiver 7:
- (b) detecting the presence of a carrier signal, such that the receiver is de-energized substantially immediately without waiting for expiration of any time period;
- (c) de-energising-the-receiver if the carrier-signal is not detected.
- (d) maintaining the energisation of the receiver if the earrier signal is detected,
 - (c) demodulating the detected carrier signal;
 - (f) assessing the quality of the demodulated signal, such that
- (g) de-energising the receiver is de-energized if the quality of the demodulated signal is not acceptable; and
- (h) decoding the demodulated signal if the signal quality is acceptable.

- 2. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by measuring the received signal strength indication (RSSI) as a means for detecting the presence of the carrier signal.
- 3. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, characterized by measuring signal quality as a measure for determining if a signal is decodable.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A communications system comprising a primary station having a transmitter for transmitting a signal and at least one secondary station having a receiver for receiving signals from the primary station, the receiver comprising signal receiving means, means for detecting the presence of a received signal, means for detecting the quality of the received signal and power control means for de-energising the receiver substantially immediately without waiting for expiration of any time period if the presence of the signal is detected and the detected signal is not decodable.
- 5. (Original) A system as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that means for determining the received signal strength indication (RSSI) is coupled to the signal receiving means.

Claims 6-7 (Cancelled)

- 8. (Currently Amended) A battery-powered radio, comprising:
- a receiver circuit, the receiver circuit operable to produce a received signal from a channel;
- a received signal strength indicator circuit coupled to the receiver circuit, the received signal strength indicator circuit operable to produce an output indicating an amount of power in the channel;
- a demodulator circuit coupled to the receiver circuit, the demodulator operable to produce a demodulated signal from the received signal;
- a signal quality indicator circuit coupled to the demodulator circuit;
 - a decoder circuit coupled to the demodulator circuit; and
- a microprocessor coupled to the receiver, the received signal strength indicator circuit, the signal quality indicator circuit and the decoder circuit;

wherein the microprocessor is operable to energize and deenergize the receiver circuit; determine the presence of a carrier with a carrier detect false rate, based, at least in part, on the power in the channel, and to determine an acceptable signal quality with a signal quality false rate, based, at least in part, on an output of the signal quality indicator circuit;

wherein the microprocessor is operable to energize the receiver circuit for a first period of time, and, if the carrier is determined to be present, to then maintain the receiver in the energized state until a determination is made as to whether acceptable signal quality has been obtained, and to de-energise the receiver substantially immediately without waiting for expiration of any time period if the carrier is determined to be present and the signal quality is not acceptable.

Claim 9 (Cancelled)

- 10. (Previously Presented) The battery-powered radio of Claim 8, wherein the microprocessor is operable to de-energize the receiver circuit if the carrier is determined to not be present, without performing a signal quality determination.
- 11.(Previously Presented) The battery-powered radio of Claim
 10, further comprising:
 - a metering unit coupled to the microprocessor;
 an encoder circuit coupled to the microprocessor; and
 a radio transmitter circuit coupled to the encoder circuit.